

THE HICKMAN COURIER

GEORGE WARREN, Editor.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT.

HORATIO SEYMOUR.

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

GEN. FRANK BLAIR.

OF MISSOURI.

FOR CONGRESS.

HON. L. S. TRIMBLE.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

COL. FRANK WOLFORD, of Casey.

HON. JESSE D. BRIGGS, of Carroll.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

I. J. M. BIGGER, of McCracken.

II. A. K. BRADLEY, of Hopkins.

III. W. W. DUBOIS, of Simpson.

IV. A. H. FIELD, of Bullitt.

V. ROBERT MALLORY, of Oldham.

VI. A. B. CHAMBERS, of Gallatin.

VII. G. W. CRADDOCK, of Franklin.

VIII. HARRISON COCKRILL, of East.

IX. THOS. M. GREEN, of Mason.

SATURDAY : OCT. 31, 1868.

The Election Next Tuesday.

Before another issue of the COURIER

the election for President and Vice-

President of the United States will have

occurred, and the great issues between

the Democratic and Republican parties

decided. Next Tuesday will decide the

greatest contest in American history.

During the Presidential campaign, Ken-

tuckians, as well as the people of the

other Southern States, have been distant,

powerless, but intensely interested spec-

tators. The unanimous declaration of

Kentucky in favor of Democratic prin-

ciples has rendered an active political

campaign unnecessary, and our people

are brought to view the contest next

Tuesday free of any degree of excitement,

and are called upon to cast their votes

with a calm and deliberate judgment.

The great fear of the Democratic party

in this State is that the lukewarm, dis-

pirited condition of our friends may endanger

our interest, and possibly sacrifice the

party in some localities.

If our citizens would gather inspira-

tion from the confidence and enthusiasm

manifested by the Democracy in the

Northern States, it would work them

up to a solid and determined action. In

all the Northern States the Democracy are

at work vigorously and enthusiastically,

and it is the duty of all Conservative

Kentuckians to stand by them in this

final struggle. Gov. Seymour, at the head

and bearer in the field, at the stand of

his columns, commanding in person, and

his powerful efforts are awakening enthu-

siasm among the followers of the enemy.

He is speaking to the heads, the feelings,

and to the pockets of the Northwestern

people, and if we are not deceived by the

cheering reports, his efforts will be

crowded with success. All along the

line of his route, at every town and depot,

immense throngs of people assemble to

hear his words of warning and encourage-

ment, and his subordinates are re-echo-

ing the good words of cheer throughout

Seymour on the Stump.

We believe that Gov. Seymour's action

in taking the stump in this hour of the

country's danger, meets with the appro-

val of all good Democrats. The people

have a right to know the position of men

who propose to lead them. Besides it is

undeniable that our Democratic leaders

have suffered themselves to be worsted

by the manner in which the campaign

has heretofore been conducted. It need-

ed our standard bearer in person to change

the mode of battle. The Radicals in the

State campaigns have devoted the whole

of their time and power to pointing out

and exaggerating every disturbance in

the Southern States, and magnifying ev-

ery personal fight and neighborhood dif-

ficulty into preparations for war and an-

other rebellion, and have tried to fix the

responsibility of all these troubles upon

the Democratic party. The Radical plat-

form congratulates the country upon the

entire success of their reconstruction

measures, but they have given the decla-

ration of their platform the falsehood, by

continually arguing that the Southern

States are in a condition of anarchy. Gov.

Seymour has been like a man who has

been told that the sky is falling, and he

has been running about with a flag in

his hand, and that the Republican party

because of the obnoxious measures they

sought to impose, are responsible for all

the disorder that may exist in that section;

or, if reconstruction is a success and the

South is at peace, they have unpardon-

ably and criminally deceived the North-

ern people. Had the canvass been based

heretofore on this view success would

not have been upon our banners.

Mr. Seymour's discussion of the finan-

cial condition of the country is able, and

presents the issues in some new aspects.

He is talking to the pocket-interest of

the Northwestern States, and the poor

men of that section who have so long

been the slaves of eastern legislation and

eastern capital, must be influenced by

his appeals. We look for bright and

glorious results from Mr. Seymour's can-

vass.

The Electoral College.

Below will be found an unbiased cal-

culation of the way the different States

of the Union are most likely to cast their

votes next Tuesday. At this late hour

deception could effect nothing. These

States classed as certain Radical or cer-

tain Democrat are judged from results of

their latest elections for State officers.

As to the doubtful States nothing but the

actual vote can determine.

RADICAL STATES.

Maine..... 7 Nebraska..... 3

Vermont..... 5 Michigan..... 8

Massachusetts..... 12 Iowa..... 3

Rhode Island..... 4 Florida..... 3

Illinois..... 16 South Carolina..... 8

Total..... 74

DEMOCRATIC STATES.

New York..... 33 California..... 9

New Jersey..... 7 Nevada..... 3

Missouri..... 9 Oregon..... 3

Maryland..... 6 West Virginia..... 6

Total..... 83

DOUBTFUL STATES.

Pennsylvania..... 20 Ohio..... 21

North Carolina..... 10 Georgia..... 9

Louisiana..... 8 Alabama..... 8

Arkansas..... 4 Indiana..... 13

Missouri..... 12 Kansas..... 3

Wisconsin..... 8 Minnesota..... 4

Tennessee..... 10 New Hampshire..... 5

Total..... 135

EXCLUDED STATES.

Virginia..... 10

Mississippi..... 7

Texas..... 7

Total..... 24

RECAPITULATION.

Democratic States..... 83

Radical States..... 74

Doubtful States..... 35

Excluded..... 24

Total..... 216

Whole electoral vote..... 313

The Democrats have a reasonable

chance of carrying Georgia, 9; Alabama,

9; Arkansas, 4; Louisiana, 8; and North

Carolina, 10; which added to the 83

counted above, gives them 121, or 28 less

than election. Excluding the States of

Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, which

have been ruled out of the election, 119

votes is only required for election.

Assuming this count to be correct the

Democrats have to take their chance for

gaining the 28 votes from the States of

Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin,

Missouri, Kansas, and New Hampshire,

casting together 101 votes.

THE HORSE OF SUCCESS.

The elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio and

Indiana show what the Democracy could

accomplish. In Pennsylvania, the Demo-

cratic vote was 13,000, and the Republi-

cans 10,000. In Ohio, the Demo-

cratic vote was 13,000, and the Republi-

cans 10,000. In Indiana, the Demo-

cratic vote was 13,000, and the Republi-

cans 10,000. In Pennsylvania, mak-

ing a total gain of some sixty odd thou-

sand votes, and these gains indicate what

we may accomplish by Tuesday's elec-

tion. In the October elections the Rad-

icals had control of a vast corruption

fund in those three States which can not

be raised again. They indulged in an

immense colonization of voters from the

other States, which they can not do in

November, because the election then is

general, and every voter will be needed

in his own State. Besides this, we are

assured that a large number of Roman

Catholics, and Hebrews, who did not

vote in the State elections, will be array-

ed in November against Grant and Col-

fax. Some assert that the last named

vote is strong enough in Indiana, Ohio,

and Pennsylvania, to turn their electoral

vote for the Democracy. Mr. Seymour

our glorious standard bearer, is at the

front, with our banner uplifted. What

now remains for Kentuckians? Certain-

ly, our duty is to follow our great lead-

er. Do this and the victory is ours.

Remember that next Tuesday the De-

mocracy of Fulton will have a chance to

vote for Seymour and Blair, and consti-

tutional liberty.

Hon. L. S. Trimble.

The voters of the First District will

on Tuesday next express their vindica-

tion of our worthy and faithful repre-

sentative, Hon. L. S. Trimble, against the

charges of disloyalty, etc., preferred

by the Radicals in the last Congress for

the purpose of depriving him of his

seat by triumphantly re-electing him to

that position. The circumstances de-

mand that we should give him an un-

precedented majority. The infamous at-

ttempt of Radical office-seekers to de-

prive our people of their fairly and hon-

estly elected representatives must be re-

buked by overwhelming numbers. Judge

Marshall, the Radical candidate for Con-

gress in this district, has, we understand,

openly and squarely declared himself in

favor of negro suffrage in Kentucky.

The contest between Mr. Trimble and

Judge Marshall is of vital importance,

not because of any fear of Judge Trim-

ble's defeat, but the position of the

Radical standard-bearer in favor of ne-

gro suffrage, and the effort of his party

to deprive the legally qualified voters of

this State of the right to choose their

representatives in the Federal Con-

gress. We call upon every

opponent of negro suffrage, every

friend of the white race in the First

District to come to the polls on next

Tuesday and vote for Hon. L. S. Trimble.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT?

Col. Synnott, the Paducah Gazette,

and other Radical leaders, argue that the

reason they support the Radical party in

preference to the Democracy, is that the

Southern States are in a deplorable con-

dition—that they are not peaceable and

quiet. Grant that they are discontented

and dissatisfied, who made them so? Who

passed, and now enforces the recon-

struction laws which are the cause of all

their disturbance and discontent? Not

the Democracy, and hence they are by